

## S100A1 Human

**Description:** S100A1 Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated, polypeptide chain containing 103 amino acids which include a 10 amino acid His Tag fused at N-terminus and having a total molecular mass of 11.66 kDa. S100A1 Human Recombinant is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Catalog #: PRPS-371

For research use only.

**Synonyms:** Protein S100-A1, S100 calcium-binding protein A1, S-100 protein alpha subunit, S-100 protein alpha chain, S100A1, S100A, S100, S100-alpha, S100-A1.

**Source:** Escherichia Coli.

**Physical Appearance:** Sterile Filtered clear solution.

**Amino Acid Sequence:** MKHHHHHHAS GSELETAMET LINVFHAHSG KEGDKYKLSK  
KELKELLQTE LSGFLDAQKD VDAVDKVMKE LDENGDGEVD FQEYVVLVAA LTVACNFFW  
ENS

**Purity:** Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

**Formulation:**

The S100A1 protein was lyophilized from 0.4

**Stability:**

Lyophilized S100A1 although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution S100A1 should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Usage:**

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

**Solubility:**

Add deionized water to a working concentration approximately 0.5mg/ml and let the lyophilized pellet dissolve completely. Product is not sterile! Please filter the product by appropriate sterile filter before using it in the cell culture.

**Introduction:**

S100A1 is a member of the S100 family of calcium binding proteins with EF-hand type Ca<sup>2+</sup> binding motive. S100A1 (Calcium Binding Protein A1) is involved in the activation of sarcoplasmic calcium release and the regulation of intermediate filament polymerization. S100A1 may function in stimulation of Ca<sup>2+</sup>-induced Ca<sup>2+</sup> release, inhibition of microtubule assembly, and inhibition of protein kinase C-mediated phosphorylation. Reduced expression of S100A1 has been implicated in cardiomyopathies. S100 proteins are localized either in the cytoplasm or the nucleus of a wide range of cells. There are at least 13 members in the S100 gene family, which are located as a cluster on chromosome 1q21.

**To place an order, please [Click HERE](#).**