

RRAGC Human

Description:RRAGC Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 423 amino acids (1-399 a.a) and having a molecular mass of 46.7kDa.RRAGC is fused to a 24 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus & purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Catalog #:PRPS-1057

For research use only.

Synonyms:Ras-related GTP-binding protein C, Rag C, RagC, GTPase-interacting protein 2, TIB929, RRAGC, GTR2.

Source:Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance:Sterile Filtered clear solution.

Amino Acid Sequence:MGSSHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSMSLQYG AEETPLAGSY
GAADSPKDF GYGVEEEEE AAAAGGGVGA GAGGGCGPGG ADSSKPRILL MGLRRSGKSS
IQKVVFKMS PNETLFLEST NKIYKDDISN SSFVNFQIWD FPGQMDFFDP TFDYEMIFRG
TGALIYVIDA QDDYMEALTR LHITVSKAYK VNPDMNFEVF IHKVDGLSDD HKIETQRDIH
QRANDDLADA GL

Purity:Greater than 85.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

RRAGC protein solution (0.5mg/ml) containing 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0), 1mM DTT, 10% glycerol and 0.1M NaCl.

Stability:

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. They may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Introduction:

Ras-related GTP binding C (RRAGC) is a monomeric guanine nucleotide-binding protein, or G protein. As a result of binding GTP or GDP, small G proteins act as molecular regulators in various cell processes and signaling pathways. RRAGC regulates the organization of the actin cytoskeleton and has an intrinsic GTPase activity. RRAGC is possibly necessary for the amino acid-induced relocalization of mTORC1 to the lysosomes and its succeeding activation by the GTPase RHEB, which is key step in the activation of the TOR signaling cascade by amino acids.

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