www.neobiolab.com info@neobiolab.com 888.754.5670, +1 617.500.7103 United States 0800.088.5164, +44 020.8123.1558 United Kingdom

Urokinase Human

Description:Urokinase is a two-chain glycoprotein containing 411 amino acids with 12 disulfide bonds. Its molecular weight is 54,000 Dalton.

Synonyms:Urokinase, Abbokinase, Urokinase-type Plasminogen Activator,uPA, EC 3.4.21.73, UK.

Source:Human urine.

Physical Appearance:Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Purity: Greater than 92.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

The Urokinase was lyophilized from a concentrated (1mg/ml) solution containing phosphate buffer.

Stability:

Lyophilized Urokinase although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution Urokinase should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C.Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drµgs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Solubility:

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Urokinase in sterile 18M-cm H2O not less than 100µg/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.

Introduction:

Urokinase (UK) is a serine protease, which is one of biological plasminogen activators. It is involved in a number of biological functions including fibrinolysis, embryogenesis, cell migration, tissue remodeling, ovulation, and wound healing. It can be obtained from human urine or kidney cell culture.

References:

 Title:Transient -catenin stabilization modifies lineage output from human thymic CD34+CD1a progenitors. Publication:Published online before print December 1, 2009, doi: 10.1189/jlb.0509344 March 2010 Journal of Leukocyte Biology vol. 87 no. 3 405-414
Link:http://www.jleukbio.org/content/87/3/405.full2.Title:Activation of human pro-urokinase by unrelated proteases secreted by Pseudomonas aerµginosa.Publication:Received 26 November

2009/18 March 2010; accepted 2Link:http://www.biochemj.org/bj/428/0473/bj4280473.htm

To place an order, please Click HERE.



Catalog #: ENPS-271

For research use only.



