

VEGI Human

Description: TNFSF15 Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a double, non-glycosylated, polypeptide chain containing 192 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 21.8 kDa. The TNFSF15 is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Synonyms: Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 15, TNFSF-15, TNFSF15, TNF ligand-related molecule 1, VEGI, TL-1, TL1, TL1A, VEGI192A, VEGI-192, MGC129934, MGC129935.

Source: Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Amino Acid Sequence:

MQLTKGRLHFSHPLSHTKHISPFVTDAPLRADGDKPRAHLTVVRQTPTQHFKNQFPALHWEHEL
GLAFTKNRMNYTNKFLIPESGDYFIYSQVTFRGMTSECSEIRQAGRPNKPDSITVWITKVTDTYPE
PTQLLMGTSKSVCEVGSNWFQPIYLGAMFSLQEGDKLMVNVSDISLVDYTKEDKTFFGAFL.

Purity: Greater than 95.0% as determined by: (a) Analysis by RP-HPLC. (b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

The TNFSF15 was lyophilized from a concentrated (1 mg/ml) solution containing 0.5M NaCl and 50mM Tris-HCl pH-7.5.

Stability:

TNFSF15 although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution VEGI should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Solubility:

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized TNFSF15 in sterile 18M-cm H₂O not less than 100 µg/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.

Introduction:

TNFSF15 is a cytokine that belongs to the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) ligand family. This protein is abundantly expressed in endothelial cells, but is not expressed in either B or T cells. The expression of TNFSF15 is inducible by TNF and IL-1 alpha. This cytokine is a ligand for receptor TNFRSF25 and decoy receptor TNFRSF21/DR6. It can activate NF-kappaB and MAP kinases, and acts as an autocrine factor to induce apoptosis in endothelial cells. TNFSF15 is also found to inhibit endothelial cell proliferation, and thus may function as an angiogenesis inhibitor. An additional isoform encoded by an alternatively spliced transcript variant has been reported but the sequence of this transcript has not been determined.

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Biological Activity:

The ED50 as determined by the dose-dependant inhibition of the proliferation of HUVEC (Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells) is less than 5000ng/ml, corresponding to a Specific Activity of 200units/mg.

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