

## Phospho-ACACA-S79

**Reactivity:**Human

**Tested applications:**WB ICC

**Recommended Dilution:**WB 1:500 - 1:2000 ICC 1:50 - 1:200

**Calculated MW:**280kDa

**Observed MW:**Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

A phospho specific peptide corresponding to residues surrounding S79 of human ACC1

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Synonym:**

ACACA; ACAC; ACACAD; ACC; ACC1; ACCA; Biotin carboxylase; ACC-alpha;

**Background:**

CC) catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA (1). It is the key enzyme in the biosynthesis and oxidation of fatty acids (1). In rodents, the 265 kDa ACC1 (ACC) form is primarily expressed in lipogenic tissues, while 280 kDa ACC2 (ACC) is the main isoform in oxidative tissues (1,2). However, in humans, ACC2 is the predominant isoform in both lipogenic and oxidative tissues (1,2). Phosphorylation by AMPK at Ser79 or by PKA at Ser1200 inhibits the enzymatic activity of ACC (3). ACC is a potential target of anti-obesity drugs (4,5).

**To place an order, please [Click HERE](#).**

**Catalog #:**AP0111

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:**Rabbit

**Gene ID:**31

**Isotype:**IgG

**Swiss Prot:**Q13085

**Purity:**Affinity purification

For research use only.