

Asymmetric DiMethyl-Histone H4-R3

Reactivity: Human Mouse Rat Other (Wide Range)

Tested applications: WB

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Calculated MW: 11kDa

Observed MW: Refer to figures

Immunogen:

A synthetic peptide of human HIST2H4A

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Concentration:

u

Synonym:

H4R3me2a; H4; H4/n; H4F2; H4FN; FO108; HIST2H4;

Catalog #: A7261

Antibody Type:

Polyclonal Antibody

Species: Rabbit

Gene ID: 8370

Isotype: IgG

Swiss Prot: P62805

Purity: Affinity purification

For research use only.

Background:

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in a histone cluster on chromosome 1. This gene is one of four histone genes in the cluster that are duplicated; this record represents the centromeric copy.

To place an order, please [Click HERE](#).