

## BBC3

**Reactivity:**Human Mouse Rat

**Tested applications:**WB IHC IP

**Recommended Dilution:**WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:20 - 1:200 IP 1:20 - 1:50

**Calculated MW:**21kDa

**Observed MW:**Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

Recombinant protein of human BBC3

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Concentration:**

i

**Synonym:**

JFY1; PUMA; JFY-1;

**Catalog #:**A2846

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:**Rabbit

**Gene ID:**27113

**Isotype:**IgG

**Swiss Prot:**Q96PG8

**Purity:**Affinity purification

For research use only.

**Background:**

Puma (p53 upregulated modulator of apoptosis) is a "BH3-only" Bcl-2 family member originally identified in differential gene expression studies as a p53-inducible gene (1,2). The "BH3-only" family members include Bad, Bid, Bik, Hrk, Bim, and Noxa, all of which contain a BH3 domain but lack other conserved domains, BH1 and BH2, and generally promote apoptosis by binding to and antagonizing anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members through BH3 domain interactions (3). Two BH3-containing proteins are produced from the puma gene, Puma<sup>+</sup> and Puma<sup>-</sup>, both of which are induced by p53, bind Bcl-2 and Bcl-xL, localize to the mitochondria, and promote cytochrome c release and apoptosis (1,2). Puma plays a critical role in the p53 tumor suppressor pathway. Targeted disruption of the puma gene impairs p53-mediated apoptosis and tumor suppression (4-7). Puma knockout mice show defects from multiple apoptotic stimuli, including ionizing irradiation, deregulated c-Myc expression, and cytokine withdrawal (4).

**To place an order, please [Click HERE](#).**