

CHRNA7

Reactivity:Human Mouse Rat

Tested applications:WB

Recommended Dilution:WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Calculated MW:56kDa

Observed MW:Refer to figures

Immunogen:

Recombinant protein of human CHRNA7

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Concentration:

ag

Synonym:

NACHRA7; CHRNA7-2;

Catalog #:A1588

Antibody Type:

Polyclonal Antibody

Species:Rabbit

Gene ID:1139

Isotype:IgG

Swiss Prot:P36544

Purity:Affinity purification

For research use only.

Background:

The nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs) are members of a superfamily of ligand-gated ion channels that mediate fast signal transmission at synapses. The nAChRs are thought to be hetero-pentamers composed of homologous subunits. The proposed structure for each subunit is a conserved N-terminal extracellular domain followed by three conserved transmembrane domains, a variable cytoplasmic loop, a fourth conserved transmembrane domain, and a short C-terminal extracellular region. The protein encoded by this gene forms a homo-oligomeric channel, displays marked permeability to calcium ions and is a major component of brain nicotinic receptors that are blocked by, and highly sensitive to, alpha-bungarotoxin. Once this receptor binds acetylcholine, it undergoes an extensive change in conformation that affects all subunits and leads to opening of an ion-conducting channel across the plasma membrane. This gene is located in a region identified as a major susceptibility locus for juvenile myoclonic epilepsy and a chromosomal location involved in the genetic transmission of schizophrenia. An evolutionarily recent partial duplication event in this region results in a hybrid containing sequence from this gene and a novel FAM7A gene. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

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