

AKT1

Reactivity: Human Mouse Rat

Tested applications: WB IHC ICC IF IP FC

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:50 - 1:200 ICC 1:50 - 1:200 IF 1:50 - 1:100
IP 1:20 - 1:50 FC 1:20 - 1:50

Calculated MW: 56 kDa

Observed MW: Refer to figures

Immunogen:

Recombinant protein of human AKT1

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Synonym:

AKT; PKB; RAC; CWS6; PRKBA; PKB-ALPHA; RAC-ALPHA;

Catalog #: A11030

Antibody Type:

Monoclonal Antibody

Species: Rabbit

Gene ID: 207/208/10000

Isotype: IgG

Swiss Prot: P31749

Purity: Affinity purification

For research use only.

Background:

The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the Proteus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

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