

## ILK

**Reactivity:**Human Mouse Rat

**Tested applications:**WB IHC

**Recommended Dilution:**WB 1:500 - 1:1000 IHC 1:50 - 1:100

**Calculated MW:**59kDa

**Observed MW:**Refer to Figures

**Immunogen:**

Recombinant protein of human ILK

**Storage Buffer:**

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Concentration:**

1 mg/ml

**Synonym:**

ILK;DKFZp686F1765;P59 ;ILK1;

**Catalog #:**A0901

**Antibody Type:**

Polyclonal Antibody

**Species:**Rabbit

**Gene ID:**3611

**Isotype:**IgG

**Swiss Prot:**Q13418

**Purity:**Affinity purification

For research use only.

**Background:**

Integrin-linked kinases (ILKs) couple integrins and growth factors to downstream pathways involved in cell survival, cell cycle control, cell-cell adhesion and cell motility (1). ILK functions as a scaffold bridging the extracellular matrix (ECM) and growth factor receptors to the actin cytoskeleton through interactions with integrin, PINCH (which links ILK to the RTKs via Nck2), CH-ILKBP and affixin (1). ILK phosphorylates Akt at Ser473, GSK-3 on Ser9, myosin light chain 2 (MLC2) on Ser18/Thr19, as well as affixin (2-5). These phosphorylation events are key regulatory steps in modulating the activities of the targets. ILK activity is stimulated by PI3 kinase and negatively regulated by the tumor suppressor PTEN and a PP2C protein phosphatase, ILKAP (1,3,6). It has been suggested that the conserved Ser343 residue in the activation loop plays a key role in the activation of ILK1 (2).

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