## SMAD2

Reactivity: Human Mouse Rat

Tested applications: WB IHC IF IP

Recommended Dilution:WB 1:500 - 1:1000 IHC 1:50 - 1:100 IF 1:20 - 1:50 IP 1:20 - 1:50

Calculated MW:52kDa

Observed MW:Refer to Figures

Immunogen:

Recombinant protein of human SMAD2

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol,

pH7.3.

Concentration:

Synonym:

SMAD2;V18;JV18-1;MADH2;MADR2;MGC22139;MGC34440;hMAD-2; hSMAD2;

## Background:

Members of the Smad family of signal transduction molecules are components of a critical intracellular pathway that transmit TGF- signals from the cell surface into the nucleus. Three distinct classes of Smads have been defined: the receptor-regulated Smads (R-Smads), which include Smad1, 2, 3, 5, and 8; the common-mediator Smad (co-Smad), Smad4; and the antagonistic or inhibitory Smads (I-Smads), Smad6 and 7 (1-5). Activated type I receptors associate with specific R-Smads and phosphorylate them on a conserved carboxy-terminal SSXS motif. The phosphorylated R-Smad dissociates from the receptor and forms a heteromeric complex with the co-Smad (Smad4), allowing translocation of the complex to the nucleus. Once in the nucleus, Smads can target a variety of DNA binding proteins to regulate transcriptional responses (6-8).

To place an order, please Click HERE.

Polyclonal Antibody

Species: Rabbit

Gene ID:4087 Isotype:IgG

Swiss Prot:Q15796

Purity: Affinity purification

For research use only.





